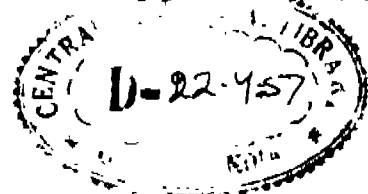


The Gazette



सत्यमेव जयते

of India



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 16] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1957/CHAITRA 30, 1879

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 9th April 1957:—

Issue No	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
42.	No. 29-ITC(PN)/57, dated the 5th April 1957.	Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries.	Import policy for Machine Tools during January—June 1957.
43.	No. 30-ITC(PN)/57, dated the 6th April 1957.	Ditto.	Re-importation into India of samples of Indian origin sent abroad or brought over by Indian businessmen.
	No. 31-ITC(PN)/57, dated the 6th April 1957.	Ditto.	Import policy for Phenol formaldehyde resinous sheets, tubes and rods during January—June 1957.
44.	No. Nil	Lok Sabha Secretariat	Public Notice of Election to the Office of Vice-President of India.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on Indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

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PART I—Section 1

Notifications relating to Non-Statutory Rules, Regulations and Orders and Resolutions issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by the Supreme Court

OFFICE OF THE SECY. TO THE PRESIDENT

New Delhi, the 15th April 1957

No. 22-Pres./57.—The President is pleased to award the President's Police and Fire Services Medal for gallantry to the undermentioned officer of the Uttar Pradesh Police:—

Name of the Officer and rank.—Shri Gorakh Rai, Head Constable No. 9, Civil Police, District Gonda, (deceased).

Statement of services for which the decoration has been awarded.—On the morning of 19th October 1956 information reached the Police Station of Tarabganj that Roosey Ahir, a notorious killer, was in a house in the village of Pura-Vijaipur-Tapra. Roosey Ahir had been terrorising the entire district of Gonda with a series of vengeance killings in the course of which he had murdered 21 persons during 1956. Head Constable Gorakh Rai, who was in-charge of the Police Station in the absence of the Station Officer, set out at once with four other policemen, and on arrival at the village surrounded the house in which the outlaw was resting. He himself took up a position a short distance from the door of the house and called to the outlaw to come out. When this evoked no response, he fired a shot at the door. Roosey came out and hurling invective at the Police challenged them to face him in the open, man to man. Head Constable Gorakh Rai accepted the challenge and in order to ensure that Roosey did not escape, stepped out of his cover but before he could fire, the outlaw shot him dead. Roosey tried to approach the body of the Head Constable to take away his musket, but Constable Sher Azad Khan fired and wounded him. The other members of the Police party then closed in and killed him.

Head Constable Gorakh Rai showed exemplary courage and initiative and by his steadfast devotion to duty brought about the end of a much dreaded outlaw at the cost of his own life.

2. This award is made for gallantry under rule 4(1) of the rules governing the award of the President's Police and Fire Services Medal and consequently carries with it the special allowance admissible to officers of and below the rank of Inspector of Police as provided in rule 5.

No. 23-Pres./57.—The President is pleased to award the President's Police and Fire Services Medal for gallantry to the undermentioned officer of the Bombay Police:—

Name of the Officer and rank.—Shri Ichhashankar Naranji, Unarmed Police Constable, Amreli District, (deceased).

Statement of services for which the decoration has been awarded.—On the morning of 27th October, 1955, Police Constable Ichhashankar Naranji with other Policemen was on patrol in the Kodinar Bazar, when they came across two strangers, one of whom they suspected to be Dadla, a notorious criminal, who was wanted for the murder of an Inspector of Police of Saurashtra. The Police party asked him to accompany them to the Police Station for a check-up. When they were nearing the Police Station, Dadla asked his companion Aher Harsur to give him his identity card, whereupon the latter whipped out a pistol from under his clothes, and passed it to Dadla, who covered the Police with it and then made off. Constable Ichhashankar immediately borrowed a bicycle and gave chase, though unarmed. The other Policemen ran to the Police Station, picked up arms and joined the chase. The gangsters entered a sugarcane plantation on the outskirts of the town. The Police party with the help of some townsmen surrounded the plantation so as to prevent their escape.

On the arrival of the Police Sub-Inspector of Kodinar, a systematic combing operation started in which Constable Ichhashankar armed with a borrowed bayonet participated. He came across the gangsters and Dadla threatened him with death if he did not get out. Undaunted, Constable Ichhashankar took a .410 musket from a nearby Constable but before he could use it, Dadla shot him dead. Dadla was later killed in an encounter with the State Reserve Police at Kotda.

Police Constable Ichhashankar Naranji showed exemplary courage and devotion to duty in the performance of which he laid down his life.

2. This award is made for gallantry under rule 4(1) of the rules governing the award of the President's Police and Fire Services Medal, and consequently carries with it the special allowance admissible to officers of and below the rank of Inspector of Police as provided in rule 5.

C. S. VENKATACHAR, Secy.

RAJYA SABHA SECRETARIAT

New Delhi the 9th April, 1957

No. RS-18/2/57-L.—Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed, an elected Member of the Rajya Sabha representing the State of Assam, has resigned his seat in the Rajya Sabha with effect from the 25th March, 1957.

S. N. MUKERJEE, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & CONSUMER INDUSTRIES

New Delhi, the 10th April, 1957

No. 4(6)-TEX(C)/57.—In the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Consumer Industries Resolution No. 4(6)-Tex(C)/57, dated the 21st February, 1957, the following shall be substituted for item No. 35:

"Under Secretary to the Government of India,
Ministry of Finance (C. I. & S. Division)
Bombay."

M. S. SADASIVAN, Under Secy.

(TRADE MARKS)

New Delhi, the 10th April, 1957

No. 4(1)-TMP/56.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 84 of the Trade Marks Act, 1940 (5 of 1940), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Trade Marks Rules, 1942, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section; namely—

In the said Rules—

(1) in the First Schedule, in the second column against entry 49, after the words "in the identity of the registered user", the following brackets and words shall be inserted, namely:—

"(except where the application is made as a result of an order of a public authority or in consequence of a statutory requirement on or after the 1st April, 1956)";

(2) In the Second Schedule, in Form TM-33—

(a) for the entry at the beginning "Fee: for the first mark Rs. 5; for every additional mark Re. 1", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Fee: see footnote below";

(b) the following footnote shall be added at the end, namely:—

"No fee is payable where the application for alteration or change of name is made as a result of an order of a public authority or in consequence of a statutory requirement on or after the 1st April, 1956."

B. R. VOHRA, Dy. Secy.

NOTICE

New Delhi, the 10th April, 1957

No. CCI/SPE/5/57/1144.—Whereas there is reason to believe that licence No. A 129183/56/AU/JCCI/Bom dated the 28th July 1956, value at Rs. 5000/- for import of News Print from the Soft Currency Area except South Africa, granted by the Joint Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, Bombay, to M/s. Movie Fan Cine Weekly, Bombay, Saraswatty Building, Harvey Road, Chowpatty, Bombay-7 was obtained on misrepresentation of facts, it is, therefore hereby notified, that the Government of India in the Minis-

try of Commerce & Consumer Industries in exercise of the powers specified in para 9 of the Imports (Control) Order, 1955, dated the 7th December 1955, propose to cancel the said licence No. A 129183/56/AU/JCCI/Bom. dated the 28th July 1956 unless sufficient cause against this is furnished to the Chief Controller of Imports, Multi Storeyed Building, New Delhi, within ten days of the date of issue of this notice by the said M/s. Movie Fan Cine Weekly, Bombay, Saraswatty Building, Harvey Road, Chowpatty, Bombay-7 or any bank or any other party who may be interested in it.

(2) In view of what is stated above M/s. Movie Fan Cine Weekly, Bombay, Saraswatty Building, Harvey Road, Chowpatty, Bombay-7 or any bank or any other party who may be interested in the said licence No. A 129183/56/AU/JCCI/Bom. dated the 28th July 1956 are hereby directed not to enter into any further

commitments against the said licence and return it immediately to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi.

S. N. BILGRAMI, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

New Delhi, the 6th April 1957

No. 19/3/57-M.I.—In continuation of this Ministry's notification No. 19/3/57-M.I., dated the 28th February 1957, Secretary/Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Natural Resources & Scientific Research will also be a member of the Central Board of Geophysics for a period of three years from the 1st March 1957.

N. S. GIDWANI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 6th April 1957

No. F. 3 (1) F. 1/56.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 29th March, 1957.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	11,76,80,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	8,89,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long-term Operations) Fund	15,00,00,000	Subsidiary Coin	9,49,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	1,00,00,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
Deposits :—		(a) Internal
(a) Government:		(b) External
(1) Central Government	64,56,88,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,97,52,000
(2) Other Governments	31,94,68,000	Balances held abroad*	114,30,95,000
(b) Banks	57,76,97,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	7,65,46,000
(c) Others	74,27,62,000	Other Loans and Advances†	127,87,10,000
Bills Payable	28,03,01,000	Investments	121,22,38,000
Other Liabilities	117,00,19,000	Other Assets	13,60,76,000
TOTAL	399,59,35,000	TOTAL	399,59,35,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

†(1) The item 'Other Loans and Advances' includes Rs. 71,53,80,000/- advanced to scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4) (c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.

(2) The total amount of advances availed of by scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4) (c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act since 1st January 1957 is Rs. 171,41,73,000/-.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 29th day of March, 1957.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,76,80,000		A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation	1526,09,38,000		(a) Held in India	117,76,03,000	
Total Notes issued	1537,86,18,000		(b) Held outside India	
			Foreign Securities	412,51,91,000	
			Total of A	530,27,94,000	
			B. Rupee Coin	122,61,05,000	
			Government of India Rupee Securities	884,97,19,000	
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1537,86,18,000		TOTAL ASSETS	1537,86,18,000	

H. V. R. IENGAR, Gove

New Delhi, the 11th April 1957

No. F. 3 (1)-F. I/56.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 5th April 1957.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	7,88,29,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	4,47,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long-term Operations) Fund.	15,00,00,000	Subsidiary Coin	5,69,000
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	1,00,00,000	Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
Deposits :—		(a) Internal
(a) Government :		(b) External
(1) Central Government	60,59,44,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	15,23,63,000
(2) Other Governments	7,90,31,000	Balances held abroad*	112,82,31,000
(b) Banks	59,99,65,000	Loans and Advances to Governments.	15,65,46,000
(c) Others	74,49,09,000	Other Loans and Advances†	106,04,34,000
Bills payable	17,93,83,000	Investments	91,97,49,000
Other Liabilities	116,36,49,000	Other Assets	13,57,13,000
RUPES	363,28,81,000	RUPES	363,28,81,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

†(1) The item 'Other Loans and Advances' includes Rs. 58,32,30,000/- advanced to scheduled banks against usance bill under Section 17(4) (c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.

(2) The total amount of advances availed of by scheduled banks against usance bills under Section 17(4)(c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act since 1st January 1957 is Rs. 173,79,48,000/-.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 5th day of April 1957.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	7,88,29,000		A. Gold Coin and Bullion —		
Notes in circulation	1563,56,90,000		(a) Held in India	117,76,03,000	
Total Notes issued		1571,45,19,000	(b) Held outside India	
			Foreign Securities	412,51,91,000	
			Total of A		530,27,94,000
			B. Rupee Coin		126,20,06,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		914,97,19,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper
Total Liabilities		1571,45,19,000	Total Assets		1571,45,19,000

Dated the 10th day of April 1957.

H. V. R. IENGAR, Governor.

B. K. NEHRU, Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE
(I.C.A.R.)

New Delhi, the 5th April 1957

No. 4-20/55-Com.II.—In pursuance of Bye-Law XII(4) of the Bye-Laws of the Indian Central Jute Committee, the Central Government hereby publish the audited accounts of "Receipts and expenditure" of the Indian Central Jute Committee for the year ending 31st March, 1955, along with the Auditor's report.

INDIAN CENTRAL JUTE COMMITTEE

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the year ended 31st March, 1955.

RECEIPTS

Opening balance on 1-4-54.

Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P.

In hand 130 5 3

With the Imperial Bank of India in Current Account.

(a) Indian Central Jute Committee 3,59,663 1 3

(b) Indian Council of Agricultural Research 2,169 10 6

3,62,832 11 9

At Sub-Offices 580 0 0

Investment on 3% Govt. Loan 1963-65 (Face value Rs. 25,000/-) 24,671 0 0

3,87,214 1 0

(a) Money received from Govt. of India under resolution No. F. 254/34/-A of Govt. of India, Department of Education, Health, and Lands, dated Simla the 28th May, 1936, Paragraph 5

25,00,000 0 0

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
(b) <i>Other moneys received by the Society.</i>						
(i) Proceeds realised by sale of Indian Central Jute Committee Publications	3,402	15	3			
(ii) Proceeds realised by sale of Advertisement space	2,188	14	6			
(iii) Proceeds realised by sale of Farm Produce	12,214	15	9			
(iv) Lapsed Provident Fund contribution.	284	4	0			
(v) Miscellaneous	5,824	9	3			
				23,915	10	9
(c) Interest received from the investment of such money				748	0	0
				24,663	10	9
(d) Moneys received from Indian Council of Agricultural Research for expenses on their scheme of experiments on Green Manuring	2,4703	0	0			
	3,820	0	0	6,290	0	0
(e) Earnest money received (To be re-funded)	100	0	0			
	785	0	0	885	0	0
(f) Interest on 4% West Bengal Loan, 1964 for Rs. 12,000/- (Money to be re-funded to the Indian Central Jute Committee Provident Fund)	176	8	0			
	257	6	0	433	14	0
TOTAL				29,19,486	9	9

EXPENDITURE

(a) <i>Administration of the Society.</i>			
Pay of Officers	10,001	5	0
Pay of Establishment	29,531	9	0
Allowances	28,391	4	0
Medical Aid	2,711	4	6
Contingencies	18,246	7	9
Provident Fund contribution	3,209	13	0
Maintenance of Staff Car	919	5	3
Rent of Secretary's residence	969	7	0
Non-Recurring	9,395	4	0
			1,03,375 11 6
(b) <i>Measures taken in connection with work on the Improvement of the Agriculture of Jute.</i>			
(I) <i>Recurring :—</i>			
Pay of Officers	56,336	7	0
Pay of Establishment	85,679	8	0
Allowances	97,118	9	0
Medical Aid	2,313	4	9
Supplies and Services	10,481	4	0
Contingencies	65,598	1	3

	Rs.	A.	P.
Maintenance cost Station Wagon	6,483	11	
Pension and Leave Salary, Provident Fund Contribution	11,464	5	0
Sub-vention Farms in Bengal, Bihar Assam and Orissa	4,605	6	0
Manurial Trials Schemes	3,179	4	9
Salt and Draught Resistance Scheme	884	7	0
Extension Scheme	4,937	5	6
Varietal Trial Scheme	1,091	12	0
Pest and Disease Control Scheme	8,346	6	9
Study of Substitute Fibre Scheme	16,519	1	0
	3,75,038	13	9

(II) *Non-recurring :—*

Laboratory apparatus and General Stores Advance to Central Public Works Department for construction of Jute Agricultural Research Institute buildings staff quarters etc. Cost of Renovation of an old tank	1,39,290	7	0
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(c) *Measures taken in connection with improvement in the Technology of Jute.*

	Recurring	
Pay of Officers	37,022	9 0
Pay of Establishment	87,939	0 0
Allowances	88,843	5 0
Medical Aid	6,291	15 9
Supplies and Services	32,108	5 3
Contingencies	17,039	13 6
Provident Fund contribution	8,239	2 0
Resin Scheme	7,863	6 0
	2,85,347	8 6

(II) *Non-recurring :—*

Laboratory apparatus and Equipments, construction of Godown etc.	36,334	2 9
	3,21,681	11 3
	9,39,386	11 6

(d) *Measures taken in connection with improvement in the marketing of Jute :*(e) *Miscellaneous :*

(I) <i>Economic Research Section.</i>			
Pay of Officers	22,866	11	0
Pay of Establishment	53,072	9	0
Allowances	50,409	15	0
Medical Aid	997	10	9
Contingencies	17,064	12	3
Provident Fund Contribution	5,199	5	0

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Scheme for Improved Method of Jute Cultivation at the five Economic Investigation Centres	543 4 9		(3) Balance of I.C.A.R. grant-in-aid for green manuring scheme	3,117-7-0(j)	4,436-5-c
Scheme of crop Cutting Experiments	633 15 6	1,50,788 3 3	Net balance in hand at the close of 31-3-55	17,62,739-2-3	
(II) Publicity Section.			(Sd.) K. N. AGHA, Secy. I.C.J.C.		
Pay of Officers	3,738 5 0		The 4th July, 1955		
Pay of Establishment	8,280 9 0		I have examined the foregoing statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Indian Central Jute Committee for the year 1954-55. I have obtained all the information and explanations that I have required, and, subject to the observations in the separate audit comments, I certify, as a result of my audit, that in my opinion the statement of receipts and expenditure is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the concern according to the best of my information and explanations given to me and as shown by the books of the concern.		
Allowances	10,274 5 0		(Sd.) B. BURMAN, Asstt. Accounts Officer, West Bengal.		
Medical Aid	282 10 6		A local test audit of the accounts of the Indian Central Jute Committee, including expenditure on the "Scheme of Improvement of Green Manuring Crops" sanctioned by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research for the year 1954-55 was conducted between the 1st July, 1955 and the 23rd July, 1955 comprising 20 working days. The Receipt and Expenditure account for the year 1954-55 maintained under Bye-law XII(1) of the Committee was also checked.		
Contingencies	12,435 3 6		Administration		
Jute Museum	5,768 5 3		2. Pandit Kailash Nath Agha, held the post of the Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee during the entire period covered by audit.		
Provident Fund Contribution	914 10 0	41,694 0 3	Grants received by the Indian Central Jute Committee		
(f) Gratuity Contribution for 1954-55 for the Employees of the Indian Central Jute Committee	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	3. During the year under report the Indian Central Jute Committee received Rs. 25,00,000/- as grant in aid from the Government of India. In addition, the Committee received Rs. 6,290/- from the Indian Council of Agricultural Research towards expenses of the Council's scheme "Improvement of Green Manuring Crops".		
(g) Indian Council of Agricultural Research's Scheme of Experiments on green manuring Pay of Establishment	2,788-9-0		PART I		
Allowances	1,795-0-0		Statement of Receipt and Expenditure for the year 1954-55.		
Contingencies	758-10-6		4.(a) Barring the amounts of Permanent Advance held by the Directors Technological Research Laboratory and Jute Agricultural Research Institute and the investments made by the Committee the cash balance at the close of the year 1954-55, as shown in the Cash Book of the Committee, amounted to Rs. 17,22,027-9-3. This cash balance was inclusive of the amounts of Rs. 433-14-0 received on account of interest on investments of the Provident Fund of the Committee is, however, the above receipt did not pertain to the Fund of the Jute Committee, the Secretary Indian Central Jute Committee was requested to justify the inclusion of this amount in the accounts as a receipt under bye-law XII(5) of the Indian Central Jute Committee. In reply, the Secretary stated that receipts on account of earned money etc., were included in the statement of receipts and expenditure under bye-law XII(5) which stated that all sums receipt by the Committee during the financial year should be included in the accounts of receipts. He also stated that the term was not defined as only receipt relating to the Fund of the Committee which could be appropriated by the Committee. The bye-law XII(1) does not apparently contemplate that money not pertaining to the Funds of the Jute Committee should be included in the accounts receipts and expenditure.		
	5,342-3-6	5,342-3-6			
		11,52,211-2-6			
(h) Refund of Earnest money received in 1953-54	100-0-0	100 0 0			
(i) Investment in 3½% National Plan Loan 1964 for the I.C.J.C. Provident Fund Account. (Money to be refunded by the Provident Fund)		19,896 14 0			
(j) Balance on the 31st March, 1955.					
In hand (including a cheque for Rs. 6,25,000/-)	6,25,088-2-3				
With the Imperial Bank of India current Account.					
(a) I.C.J.C.	10,93,822-0-0				
(b) I.C.A.R.	3,117-7-0	10,96,939 7 0			
		580 0 0			
At Sub-Offices					
Investment in 3% Govt. Loan 1963-65 Face value Rs. 25,000)	24,671-0-0	17,47,278 9 3			
		29,19,486 9 9			
TOTAL					
Closing Balance on 31-3-55	17,47,278-9-3				
Additional amount receivable from the I.C.J.C. provident Fund	19,896-1-40(i)				
	17,67,175-7-3				
Subtract :—					
(1) Amount to be refunded to the I.C.J.C. Provident Fund	4334-10(f)				
(2) Earnest money	88-50-0(c)				

Net balance in hand at the close of 31-3-55 . . . 17,62,739-2-3

(Sd.) K. N. AGHA,
Secy. I.C.J.C.

The 4th July, 1955

I have examined the foregoing statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Indian Central Jute Committee for the year 1954-55. I have obtained all the information and explanations that I have required, and, subject to the observations in the separate audit comments, I certify, as a result of my audit, that in my opinion the statement of receipts and expenditure is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the concern according to the best of my information and explanations given to me and as shown by the books of the concern.

(Sd.) B. BURMAN,

Asstt. Accounts Officer, West Bengal.

A local test audit of the accounts of the Indian Central Jute Committee, including expenditure on the "Scheme of Improvement of Green Manuring Crops" sanctioned by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research for the year 1954-55 was conducted between the 1st July, 1955 and the 23rd July, 1955 comprising 20 working days. The Receipt and Expenditure account for the year 1954-55 maintained under Bye-law XII(1) of the Committee was also checked.

Administration

2. Pandit Kailash Nath Agha, held the post of the Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee during the entire period covered by audit.

Grants received by the Indian Central Jute Committee

3. During the year under report the Indian Central Jute Committee received Rs. 25,00,000/- as grant in aid from the Government of India. In addition, the Committee received Rs. 6,290/- from the Indian Council of Agricultural Research towards expenses of the Council's scheme "Improvement of Green Manuring Crops".

PART I

Statement of Receipt and Expenditure for the year 1954-55.

4.(a) Barring the amounts of Permanent Advance held by the Directors Technological Research Laboratory and Jute Agricultural Research Institute and the investments made by the Committee the cash balance at the close of the year 1954-55, as shown in the Cash Book of the Committee, amounted to Rs. 17,22,027-9-3. This cash balance was inclusive of the amounts of Rs. 433-14-0 received on account of interest on investments of the Provident Fund of the Committee is, however, the above receipt did not pertain to the Fund of the Jute Committee, the Secretary Indian Central Jute Committee was requested to justify the inclusion of this amount in the accounts as a receipt under bye-law XII(5) of the Indian Central Jute Committee. In reply, the Secretary stated that receipts on account of earned money etc., were included in the statement of receipts and expenditure under bye-law XII(5) which stated that all sums receipt by the Committee during the financial year should be included in the accounts of receipts. He also stated that the term was not defined as only receipt relating to the Fund of the Committee which could be appropriated by the Committee. The bye-law XII(1) does not apparently contemplate that money not pertaining to the Funds of the Jute Committee should be included in the accounts receipts and expenditure.

4.(b) In like manner expenditure not pertaining to the activities of the Jute Committee were allowed to proceed from the Funds of the Jute Committee and for the reason of that included in the Statement of receipts and expenditure. As an instance mention might be made of the fact that during the year under report a total sum of Rs. 59,846-14-0 was advanced for purchase of securities which would vest in the Provident Fund of the Committee. This diversion of the surplus Cash balance of the Funds Committee for purchase of Securities for the Provident Fund to the

ultimate advantage of its members in the shape of increased interest was irregular since it constituted a branch of bye-law X(2) of the Committee. Out of the amount, Rs. 39,950 was repaid during the year and the residual amount of Rs. 19,896-14-0 was due to the Committee at the end of the year. Besides this, quite a good number of transactions connected with the Provident Fund of the Committee were financed from the surplus cash balance of the Jute Committee. In reply to an audit query as to the propriety of resting these expenditure, not pertaining the Jute Committee, from the Funds of the Committee, the Secretary stated thus:—

"Due to the sudden death of the Vice-President of the Committee, the P.O. Savings Bank Account of the Provident Fund could not be operated on and some transaction of the Provident Fund were made from the Committee money in the Imperial Bank in the expectation that necessary adjustment could be made before the close of the year....."

As a result of this irregular transaction the cash balance of the Jute Committee at the close of the year remained deflated to the extent of Rs. 19,896/14/-.

4(c) Advances to staff and others were made for various purposes from time to time. These advances

were treated as expenditure. At the end of the year under report a total amount of Rs. 16,607-12-3 as detailed in Appendix I to the Report, remained unrecovered. It is most likely that some unspent balance, remained in the hands of the persons receiving the advances. They were not therefore reflected in the Cash balance of the Committee at the close of the year.

4(d) The total of the opening balance and receipts during the year on account of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research Scheme of experiments on Green Manuring would work out to Rs. 8,459-10-6. The balance at the close of the year under this scheme would amount to Rs. 3,117-7-0 after deducting the expenditure of Rs. 5,342-3-6 from the total of the receipts and opening balance.

Budget estimates of the Indian Central Jute Committee for 1954-55 vis-a-vis the statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1954-55.

5. The estimates and provision under some of the heads of receipts and expenditure, as sanctioned by the Government of India in their Ministry of Food and Agriculture letter No. F.4-29/53-Com.II, dated the 31st March, 1954 and the actuals for 1954-55, as shown in the statement of Receipts and Expenditure would be seen from the subjoined table:—

Heads of receipt/expenditure. (RECEIPTS)	Final estimates in 1954-55	Actuals in 1954-55	Excess (+) Deficiency (—)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Other moneys received by the Society	20,002	23,916	3,914

EXPENDITURE	Final grant in 1954-55.		Actuals in 1954-55		Excess (+) Savings (—)	
	Recurring	Non-Recurring	Recurring	Non-Recurring	Rs.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
(b) Administration of the Society	99,000	Nil	93,981	9,395 (+) (—) 5,019	9,395	Non-Recurring
(c) Measures taken in connection with improvement of Agriculture in Jute.	4,19,781	5,000	3,75,039	1,39,290 (+) (—) 44,742	1,34,290	Non-Recurring
(d) Measure taken in connection with improvement in Technology of Jute.	2,85,999	15,800	2,45,348	36,334 (+) (—) 651	20,534	
(e) Miscellaneous	1,51,100	Nil	1,50,788	Nil (—)	312	
(f) Publicity	45,200	Nil	41,694	Nil (—)	3,506	

the expenditure of Rs. 9,395 under the head "Administration of the Society"—Non-recurring was not provided for in the estimates. But neither any supplementary grant was obtained nor the expenditure was met by re-appropriation of funds even though required by bye-law 1(3) of the Committee. Sanction of the Government of India was not also obtained in terms of bye-law V(5) to regularise the excess expenditure (non-recurring) over the grants under the heads (c) and (d) above. The revised estimates for 1954-55, were framed long after the close of the year and remained yet to be sanctioned by the Government of India to whom they had been sent with Secretary's letter No. 1950/55, dated 7th June, 1955.

Expenditure disallowed by audit in term of bye-law XII(1):
(Compensatory (City) allowance)

6(a) Under bye-law VIII(6), the Committee adopted the rules framed by the Government of India in the matter of grant of pay and allowances to its Officers and staff so far as the rules might apply. The Governing body of the Committee at its annual meeting held on the 28th August, 1954 accorded their sanction to the grant of compensatory (city) allowance to its officers and staff stationed at Barrackpore. Since the grant of compensatory (city) allowance is regulated with reference to the place of duty and the specific localities enumerated in the late Government of India F.D. letter No. F6(1)Ed.(spl.)/47, dated the 31st July, 1947, sanctioning the allowance and since the town of Barrackpore was not included within the localities specified in the Government of India order quoted

above, the allowance was not admissible to those persons. The action of the Governing body was, therefore, *ultra vires* of bye-law VIII(6). It was noticed that during the year 1954-55 a total amount of Rs. 10,064-14-0 was spent on the grant of this allowance. The entire amount is therefore recoverable from the officers and staff who drew the allowance rather irregularly.

(House Rent Allowance)

6(b) It was also noticed that house rent allowance in the same scale as admissible in Calcutta to the Gazetted and non-gazetted staff under the different paygroups was allowed to be drawn by the officer and staff of the Jute Agricultural Research Institute at Barrackpore. As to the authority for this expenditure it was stated that the staff had been enjoying the allowance from the very inception of the Institute under orders of the Committee (which could not be produced). The conditions for drawal of house rent allowance being similar to those prescribed for the drawal of Compensatory (city) allowance, contained in the G.I.F.D. letter dated 31st July 1947 quoted above, the staff concerned were not, for the reasons stated in the preceding paragraph entitled to such allowance. Bye-law VIII(6) of the Committee being rather absolute in character, the continuance of the concession to the J.A.R.I. staff of drawing house rent allowance, if it had ever been enjoyed by them, beyond the 31st July 1947 required the approval of the Government of India. But no sanction of the Government of India to the continuance of the concession

has so far been obtained. During the year 1954-55 a total expenditure of Rs. 24,808 was incurred on this account. The entire amount drawn irregularly is therefore recoverable from the staff concerned in the absence of any specific sanction of the Government of India authorising the grant of the house-rent allowance to the Committee staff at the Jute Agricultural Research Institute at Barrackpore.

(Medical Allowance)

6(c) In the matter of reimbursement of medical expenses, the rules in the Government of India, "Compilation of Medical Attendance Rules and orders" and the rules framed by the Committee as reproduced in Appendix II were not strictly followed with the result that more favourable concession were secured to the Committee's servants at a considerable extra expenditure of the Committee as would be apparent from the fact that the overall expenditure on "Medical" in 1954-55 incurred by 20 per cent. approx. as compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year. It was observed that medical expense for members of family for treatment at the residence (the reimbursement of which was not provided for in the rules framed by the Committee and which under the rules framed by the Government of India required treatment in a hospital), cost of radiological examination not done in any Government hospital or laboratory and expenses of medical treatment as distinct from medical attendance, were reimbursed to the staff. During the month of March, 1955 alone (the transactions of which were checked in detail) it was noticed that a sum of Rs. 91-8-0, (the relevant details being given in Appendix III) had been irregularly reimbursed. The amount should be recovered from the persons concerned.

6(d) In connection with the reimbursement of medical expenses it was also noticed that the medicines prescribed by the medical attendant (who happened to be a part staff of the Committee) were not at the first instance, purchased by the persons treated and reimbursement of the cost, as far as admissible, claimed from the committee subsequently. Instead these medicines were had from the dispensary of the above medical attendant who billed for the cost at monthly intervals. There were no indications (except in the case of T.R.L.) in the prescription enclosed with these monthly bills of the medical attendant that the medicines were actually received by the persons. Thus under the defective system followed there was neither any protection against inclusion in the bill of cost of medicine not actually supplied nor against any fictitious claim. In one case it was noticed that the cost of medicine served at the dispensary of the medical attendant was 50% more than the cost of the some medical supplied by another dispensary.

The above system militates against the spirit of the rules regarding reimbursement of medical expenses and should be stopped forthwith.

Control over expenditure on travelling allowances

7. Control over expenditure on travelling allowance was not as satisfactory as could be desired. It was observed that prior approval of the competent authority had not been obtained in many cases before a

journey was undertaken as would be evidenced from No. 153-159 for 3/55 for Rs. 2049-9-0 vr. No. 299 dated 3/55 for Rs. 30/4/- vr. No. 301 dated 3/55 for Rs. 3-2-0. The tour programmes, drawn up after the journey had been performed were approved *post facto*. The mileages entered in the travelling allowance bills were not checked with any reliable data.

In fact, no proper control over the Travelling Allowance claimed was in the circumstances exercised by the Committee.

In one case cost of journey by air in respect of a person not entitled to 'Air journey' was reimbursed under the order of the Secretary who did not possess the necessary powers. This expenditure may be regularised by obtaining sanction of the Government of India.

Some instances where losses of income of the Committee were occasioned due to failure to take timely action

8(a) Following quantities of jute were available for disposal at the Committee Jute Agricultural Research Institute.

	Md.	Sr.
Olitorious	86	6
Capsularies	96	32
Mesta	27	2
	210 Mds.	

Tenders were invited through press on the 9th, the 16th and the 18th April '54. The last date for submission of tenders was fixed on the 27th April, 1954. From an examination of the comparative statements of tenders, it appeared that the highest tenderer offered a composite rate of Rs. 27-12 per md. while the second highest offer was Rs. 27/- per md. The highest tender was accepted and the tenderer was asked to lift the quantity in Director's letter No. 2529/2P, dated 12th May, 1954. He however, withdrew the original offer for the reason that the sowing season being over by that time, there was no great demand for jute and agreed to take the entire quantity at a reduced rate of Rs. 21/4/- per md. Therefore the second highest offer was considered but this tenderer also refused to take the quantity at his original rates but expressed his willingness to purchase the entire lot at the reduced rate of Rs. 21/8/- per md. Ultimately this entire quantity of jute was disposed of the another firm at a rate of Rs. 21/10/- per md. on 28th June, 1954 and a sum of Rs. 4541/4/- was realised. Had the necessary preliminaries been proceeded with earlier keeping in view the sowing season when demand for jute was at its highest, an income of Rs. 1,286/4/- in addition to the sum realised would have been fetched by this deal.

(b) It was noticed that the rates for advertisement in the Committee's principal journal, the Jute Bulletin, were decidedly lower when compared with those fixed for "Indian Farming" a journal published by its sister organisation, the Indian Council of Agriculture Research for purposes of comparison the respective rates are given below:—

Jute Bulletin published by Indian Central Jute Committee	Indian Farming published by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research.
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	Contract (per insertion)†	Casual (per insertion)†	Contract (per insertion)	Casual (per insertion)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Back cover 6½"x8"	125	175	350	400
Second cover 6"x8"	100	150		
Third cover 6"x8"	125	175		
Page facing second cover, page facing editorial 6"x8"	95	150		
Inside Full page 6"x8"	75	125		
Inside half page 4"x6" or 2½"x8"	40	65	175 120	200 135
			(3rd page),	

Despite the low rates obtaining in the year under report, as shown above, a further rebate of 25% was allowed under an order of the Committee for insertions received through Advertisement Agencies. This rebate it was learnt, was sanctioned when the demand for the bulletin was not very great. Since then circumstances changed altogether and the bulletin, during the year under report, was very attractive both in matter and get up and was in very great demand of all sections, both at home and abroad, interested in jute industry. These the continuance of the rebate was rather unwarranted. An income of Rs. 729 approx. was thus lost to the Committee due to the rebate during the year under report. It was also seen, from the financial statement drawn up by the Committee, that a gross profit of Rs. 1092/- was made during the year under report. Had all office and administration expenses been taken into account this profit would have been wiped off entirely and resulted in net loss to the undertaking. It is desirable that strenuous efforts are made on an organised basis to secure more advertisements for this bulletin and the rates for advertisement and subscription increased suitably so that the bulletin may run rather remuneratively or at least be self supporting.

Green Manuring: Scheme:

9. To study the effect of green manuring jute or paddy or both jute and paddy under West Bengal conditions a model scheme of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research on "Improvement of Green Manuring Crops" was sanctioned for a period of five years at a total cost of Rs. 44,140. The scheme started functioning under the Agronomist of the jute Agriculture Research Institute from the 1-7-53. During 1953-54 and 1954-55, the total grant received from the Indian Council of Agricultural Research amounted to Rs. 10,290/- and the total expenditure out of this grant during the above period was Rs. 7172/9/-. The studies were confined to agronomical aspects only and a total area of 2.13 acres was earmarked for the purpose.

Sd/- B. BURMAN,
Asstt. Accounts Officer,
West Bengal.

APPENDIX I

[Referred to in para 4(c) of the report]

Advance unadjusted during 1954-55.

To whom sanctioned	Particulars of Advance	Date	Amount
			Rs. A. p.
1. J. G. Supervisors of 5 centres	For sundry Articles	25-3-55	160 0 0
S. N. Khan, Nowgong	Travelling Allowance Advance	7-3-55	100 0 0
D. C. Biswas	Do.	18-3-55	60 0 0
Bhawan	Do.	25-3-55	25 0 0
	TOTAL		345 0 0
2. Director of Agriculture, Bihar	For conducting Manurial trials	12-4-54	425 1 0
Do.	For Sub. ven. trials	25-5-54	1,760 0 0
Director of Agriculture, Uttar Pradesh	Do.	25-5-54	1,100 0 0
Director of Agriculture, Orissa	Do.	"	1,430 0 0
" Bihar	For Manurial trials	7-6-54	500 0 0
" Orissa	Do.	"	300 0 0
" U.P.	Do.	"	150 0 0
" Assam	Do.	"	250 0 0
" Bihar	Varietal Trials	10-6-54	185 0 0
" Orissa	Do.	"	185 0 0
" U.P.	Do.	"	185 0 0
" West Bengal	Do.	"	370 0 0
" Assam	Manurial trials	4-1-55	136 9 9
Field experiment specialist, Patna	Do.	7-3-55	1,000 0 0
Assitt. J.D.O., Assam	Do.	"	700 0 0
	TOTAL		8,676 10 9
3. Deputy Controller of Stationery, Calcutta	Stationery Articles Administration.	7-5-54	1,526 0 0
Do.	T.R.L.	10-5-54	611 1 0
	Eco. Research	21-5-54	971 3 0
	F.M.E.	"	775 0 0
	P.S.	7-7-54	347 0 0
	F.M.E.	12-7-54	110 0 0
	J.A.R.I.	22-10-54	1,595 13 6
	TOTAL		5,936 1 6
4. Sri N. C. Banerjee	Medical Advance	18-9-55	150 0 0
Director, J.A.R.I.	Tempy. Advance to meet Contin- gency	20-9-54	1,500 0 0
			1,650 0 0

Summary :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Economic Research	354	0	0
2. Advances to different provinces for Subvention and Manurial trials	8,676	10	9
3. Deputy Controller of Stationery, Calcutta	5,936	1	6
4. Directors of J.A.R.I. & T.R.L.	1,650	0	0
TOTAL	16,607	12	3

APPENDIX II

[Referred to in para 6 (c)]

Medical facilities sanctioned by the Govt. of India for the employees of the Indian Central Jute Committee

1. Officers drawing a pay of Rs. 500/- per mensem or more may sent for a doctor of the status of a Civil Surgeon when they are ill and the Committee may pay fee at the rates laid down in the schedule attached to the Govt. of India, E.H. & L. Department letter No. F. 16-32/42-H dated 4th February, 1942.

2. Officers drawing a pay of Rs. 150/- to Rs. 499/- per mensem stationed in or outside Calcutta may send for a doctor of the status of an Assistant Surgeon

when they are ill and the Committee may pay fees as laid down in the schedule referred to in (1) above.

3. Officers drawing less than Rs. 150/- per mensem at Calcutta and Tollygunge including inferior servants may be looked after by the Committee's junior doctor on pay of Rs. 100/- per mensem.

4. Free supply of all medicines (except patent and proprietary medicines) may be made to the Officers referred to in (1), (2) (3) by the Committee on the prescription of the Committee's doctor or of the outside doctor.

5. A stock of medicines mentioned below may continue to be maintained in the T.R.L. at Tollygunge and supplied to the staff of the T.R.L. drawing a pay of Rs. 499/- per mensem on the prescriptions of the doctors.

6. In case of officers of the categories (2) and (3) attendance by a medical attendant of a higher status can be authorised in case of danger and emergency.

7. Nursing home and nursing facilities, if so desired, subject to the condition that the Committee's liability will be limited to what would have been, incurred had the officer been treated in a Government hospital.

8. Cost of conveyance for removal of patients to hospital in special cases of emergency to be borne by the Committee.

"Officers" mentioned above include both permanent and temporary servants of the Committee.

List of medicines

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Acid Boric | 13. Mandl's pigment. |
| 2. A.P.C. Powder, | 14. Quinine. |
| 3. Alkaline Mixture. | 15. Serum Antitetanic. |
| 4. Bandages—2" & 3". | 16. Sedative Expect. mixture. |
| 5. Bismuth mixture. | 17. Sodi Salicylate Mixture. |
| 6. Borovasoline ointment. | 18. Surgical gauze. |
| 7. Cotton woll. | 19. Stimulant Expect. mixture. |
| 8. Carminative mixture. | 20. Tr. Benzoin Co. |
| 9. Dysentery mixture. | 21. Tr. Iodine. |
| 10. Gargle Permanganate. | 22. Tr. Quinine ammon. |
| 11. Mclean's Powder | 23. Tannic acid jelly. |
| 12. Mag-Sulph. | 24. Whitfield's Ointment. |

APPENDIX III

[Referred to in para 6(c) of the report]

Statement showing irregular expenditure on Medical and which required to be recovered from the persons concerned

Voucher No. and Date	Particulars	Amount reimbursed	Reasons for disallowance
		Rs. A. P.	
55 dt. 3/55	Pathological examination of member of family of Director T.R.L.	5 0 0	These cases required treatment in a hospital and not at the residence of the staff.
56 dt. 3/55	—Ditto— of Sri P. K. Deb's family member	10 0 0	
57 dt. 3/55	—ditto— —ditto—	15 0 0	
58 „ „	—ditto— —ditto—	5 0 0	
60 „ „	Treatment of Sri N. C. Majumdar	28 8 0	
94 „ „	Radiological examination of family member of Sri Srinibas Patra	12 0 0	Not done in a Govt. hospital or laboratory.
200 „ „	Fees for consulting a specialist	16 0 0	No diagnosis of any disease.
TOTAL		91 8 0	